THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1769. THE NUMBER 174.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Open to ALL PARTIES, but influenced by NONE.

LONDON, *June* 10.

AT the Cocoa-Tree, laſt night, bets were ſeven to three, that the American grievances would be as ſoon redreſſed, as thoſe of the freeholders of Middleſex.

On Tueſday Dennis Rolle, Eſq; member for Barnſtaple, in Devonſhire, ſailed from Spithead, in the Aurora, Capt. Fuller, with a great number of ſettlers and artificers, for his new ſettlement, at Eaſt Florida.

A great number of Gentlemen at Norwich have formed themſelves into a ſociety of correſpondence with the Bill of Rights, and opened a ſubſcription there, which ſeems to be carried on with great ſpirit.

At the meeting of the ſociety of the Bill of Rights, on Tueſday laſt, at the London tavern, upwards of 60 members were preſent; when an account of Mr. Wilkes's debts was delivered in, which amounted to 17000 l. ſeven of which have been already compromiſed by the ſociety; and they hope, by the contributions which may ariſe from the circular letter, that they ſhall be able to compromiſe the whole before the next meeting, a committee having been appointed to tranſact this and the other buſineſs. The circular letter was, at the ſame time, read, and approved of by the Chairman. This letter will be ſent to the Gentlemen of the minority, who are to promote it to the utmoſt of their power in the different counties they live in; and is alſo to be ſent to all the cities and boroughtowns in England, with Mr. Wilkes's caſe, written by himſelf; the letter is to be ſigned by the ſociety. A copper-plate was propoſed, but overruled. Sir Benjamin Trueman ſent 50 l. to the ſociety on Tueſday; ſeven new members were likewiſe admitted, who ſubſcribed very handſomely. Upon caſting up accounts, 1500 l. appeared to remain in the Treaſurer's hands. It being cuſtomary to open all letters directed to the Chairman, next in turn, or to the paſt Chairman, many papers were accordingly read from Gentlemen in different parts of Great-Britain and Ireland, offering their ſervice and contributions to the ſociety; alſo ſome anonymous ſcurrilities, which were treated with the contempt they merited.

The report that each of the freeholders, who ſigned the Middleſex petition, is liable to be called on to prove the ſeveral charges therein made, has thrown many of them into a panic; but they need not be in any trouble on that account, for there are enough of them ready when it ſhall be found neceſſary.

On Wedneſday night there was a meeting of the Privy Council, and yeſterday morning another. The ſubject of their deliberations is ſaid to be a change in the government of Ireland. Lord Townſhend is to be recalled; and, it is ſaid, that either Lord Sandwich or Lord Harcourt is to go there; but it is not yet ſettled which.

The French are terribly alarmed at the rapid progreſs of the Ruſſian armies now in motion; and our correſpondent at Marſeilles writes, that the ſeveral merchants and manufacturers at, and in the neighbourhood of Lyons, entertain the moſt dreadful apprehenſions of having their trade to Smyrna, Aleppo, and Conſtantinople, totally ſtagnated this year; or what is worſe, that the Turks will not be able either to pay for the rich brocades, ſilks, and ſuperfine cloths, they have contracted for, and moſt of which are already delivered; or that they will not be in a ſituation to ſend orders for others as uſual; which interruption will go near to ruin that moſt lucrative branch of commerce.

Letters from Vienna, dated May 27, mention, that it was reported the Grand Vizir had paſſed the Neiſter at the head of 150,000 men, and had been joined by ſeveral bodies of Confederates in Great Poland.

A Gentleman of great veracity aſſures us, that the gallant Paoli, in a letter he wrote ſome time ſince to an Engliſh Lord, from whom he had received a conſiderable private aſſiſtance, had the following paſſage: "I hope, my Lord, your fears are no other than the fears of humanity; nevertheleſs, if the mightineſs of France *ſhould* triumph over the weakneſs of unhappy, perſecuted Corſica, Britain would ſurely be the only aſylum the wretched Paoli could think of flying to? A man, born in a country, claiming and contending for freedom, and nurtured in the God-like principles of freedom, muſt naturally wiſh, my Lord, to live and die in a land of freedom, whether the place that gave him birth has the fortune to crown, or his ſituation will otherwiſe permit him to accompliſh that wiſh, or not."

June 17. It is ſaid, that the circular letter, ſent by the ſociety of the Bill of Rights into different parts of the country, has already been attended with unexpected ſucceſs; and that there ſeems to be no doubt, but they will be able to compromiſe the whole of Mr. Wilkes's debts in a reaſonable time.

The ſolicitor to the committee of the ſupporters of the Bill of Rights has compromiſed 4000 l. more of Mr. Wilkes's debts, ſince the laſt meeting of the ſociety.

It is ſuſpected that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland is ſailed for North-America.

Trienſial Parliaments is now become the patriotic toaſt at both ends of the town.

It is currently reported, that advice has been received of the death of the laſt new-elected Pope, who had aſſumed the name of Clement XIV.

June 24. On Tueſday laſt the fleet, under the command of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, paſſed by Plymouth, and was joined from that port by the Fly ſloop of war.

Four frigates more are ordered to be got ready, with all expedition, to join the ſquadron, commanded by his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, Rear Admiral of the Blue. The deſtination of this fleet has occaſioned much ſpeculation.

It is ſaid that one of the candidates for the ſheriffalty of this city, has been offered a Peerage to decline, which he nobly refuſed.

This day a Court of Aldermen was held at Guildhall, for the choice of ſheriffs and other officers for the year enſuing. Previous to the opening of the court, Samuel Vaughan, Eſq addreſſed himſelf to the Livery, and ſtrongly recommended decency in their behaviour, as the moſt likely, and indeed the only means by which they could accompliſh the end for which ſo numerous a body had aſſembled.

At one o'clock the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen came upon the Huſtings, when the Recorder came forward, and attempted to open the buſineſs of the day, but an almoſt general hiſs and uproar enſued, many calling out for them to conſider of a petition in the firſt place; on which the Lord Mayor addreſſed himſelf to the Livery, and in a very genteel ſpeech acquainted them that he had taken a great deal of pains to inform himſelf of the duty of his office, on the preſent occaſion, and that he could not find one ſingle inſtance of any buſineſs being done previous to the choice of officers; at the ſame time aſſuring them, that no one had a greater regard to the liberty of the ſubject than himſelf, but ſtrongly recommended decency and good order, declaring that he would not break up the court till ſuch time as they had taken the opinion of the Livery relative to the matter that they wanted to enforce, if the Livery would firſt proceed to do the buſineſs for which the Common Hall was called. This declaration was received with ſhouts of applauſe; but a Gentleman expreſſing his diſlike to the meaſure of delay, another clamour aroſe, when Mr. Bellas deſired to be heard, and begged the Gentlemen to proceed to buſineſs in an orderly manner, as he only meant to preſerve their liberty, and to free themſelves from the imputation of licentiouſneſs, obſerving, that as the Lord Mayor had promiſed not to break up the court till they were ſatisfied, it would be the height of rudeneſs to doubt the veracity of their chief Magiſtrate. This ſpeech was attended with the deſired effect, and they immediately proceeded to the choice of ſheriffs, when the four Aldermen below the chair, and nine Commoners were ſeverally put up; they were all received with ſtrong marks of diſapprobation, and not more than fifty hands held up for any of them, till they came to James Townſend, Eſq; and John Sawbridge, Eſq; who were almoſt unanimouſly choſen, and with prodigious ſhouts of applauſe.

Afterwards they took into conſideration the queſtion concerning a petition, on which ſubject many debates enſued, but was at laſt carried in the affirmative, and the following Gentlemen appointed to preſent the ſame: The Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, two Sheriffs, and three of the Repreſentatives of the city. Mr. Alderman Hailey was not preſent.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in Paris, who had intended to have made a campaign in Corſica, June 14, 1769.

"The fatal blow given to the expiring liberty of the brave Corſicans, has induced me to change my reſolution, for their ſituation is ſuch, that my poor ſervices cannot poſſibly be of uſe. The head-quarters of M. de Vaux, the French General, is actually at Corte; in forcing a defile the French loſt 800 ſoldiers, and 60 officers. Paoli very narrowly eſcaped being made a priſoner; his hat was taken, and the cockade which he wore is ſent to M. le Duc de Choiſeul, who received it with the greateſt air of triumph.—Are not the inferences very clear how the head would have been diſpoſed of had it unhappily accompanied the hat? —A war in the Eaſt-Indies is ſpoke of with the greateſt confidence: The French have already upwards of 3000 troops on the iſle of Bourbon; and as a prologue to ſome enterprize, they are actually augmenting their troops at home."

June 25. An article in the Dutch prints received by this day's mail ſays, "The ſtranger arreſted lately at Breſt, ſays he is a Scotſman, and brother of Lord Gordon. He has been, it is ſaid, at Toulon and Rochfort, with the ſame view that he hath paſſed ſome time at Breſt. Some will have it, that before his departure from the latter part, he had a deſign to ſet fire to the magazines, but that is not credible. All that we certainly know is, he was five weeks at Breſt, that he lived honourably under the name of Lord Gordon, an officer in the Engliſh marine; and that he preſented himſelf to the commandant with letters from the Count de Chatelet Lomont, Ambaſſador from the King, at London. He is ſafely guarded in the caſtle, and the Engliſh Charge des Affairs here, is deſired to give information of this matter to the Britiſh Miniſtry, and render an account of what they may think of it."

June 27. At the Court of Aldermen, at Guildhall, on Saturday laſt, when the petition had been read a ſecond time, with ſome alterations, and unanimouſly approved of, Sir Robert Ladbroke came forward, and told the Gentlemen of the Livery, "That he not only aſſented to preſenting it, but thought it his duty." Alderman Beckford being next, addreſſed them, by aſſuring them, "That he was ever at the ſervice of the Livery of London; that in regard to giving the petition, it was a requeſt that made him happy, as it agreed entirely with his own opinion; and that with reſpect to the particulars of the petition now read (as far as he could judge from twice hearing it) he knew moſt, if not all of them, to be fact, and concluded, by referring to his conſcience, for the uprightneſs of his intentions."

Mr. Alderman Trecothick next ſpoke to the ſame effect, and ſaid "He was happy in attending his brother members on this occaſion."

A motion was then made, and univerſally approved of, to return thanks to the Lord Mayor, for his great candour and impartiality on this occaſion; which his Lordſhip afterwards very politely thanked them for, by aſſuring them that he would, to the beſt of his power, finiſh, as he had begun his office, with juſtice and impartiality.

As the Aldermen came into the Council Chamber, ſuch of them as had voted againſt Sir Matthew Blakiſton's reſignation, were hiſſed as they paſſed through, and likewiſe when they went to the Huſtings.

A correſpondent informs us that the petition will be attended by a ſelect number of the Livery, in their Livery gowns, who will be ſtiled the *Grand Inqueſt* of the city of London; and not improperly (continues he) as the ſubject of their preſent complaints is the *bad meaſures* of the Miniſtry, whoſe *weight* has been on the decreaſe for ſome time.

The cold collation given by Alderman Townſhend, at the London tavern on Friday night, was extreamly elegant; near 600 Gentlemen attended, 532 of whom ſat down to ſupper, 130 wax tapers were lighted up, many patriotic and conſtitutional toaſts were drank, but that moſt applauded, was "Alderman Wilkes, and the laws of the land."

It is ſaid that a certain city officer has this day refuſed to ſign the petition of the Livery of this city.

There are very few places in Corſica that have not ſubmitted to the French arms; Carlo Saliceti ſtill holds out, but as a reward of fifty louis d'ors has been ſet on his head, it is not doubted but he will ſoon be taken. The ſum of 2000 livres are ſaid to be offered to any one who takes Paoli, or gives information of the place where he may be found.

June 28. On Monday laſt a very numerous and reſpectable body of freeholders of the county of Surry met at Epſom, in purſuance of an adverteſement in the public papers for that purpoſe. About half paſt one, the buſineſs of the day was opened (in the garden belonging to the Aſſembly houſe) by the Hon. Mr. King, who was appointed Chairman. The principal ſpeakers were Sir Joſeph Mawbey, Sir George Colebrooke, Sir ----- Clayton, Mr. Webb, jun. Mr. Creſpigny, Mr. Evelyn, Dr. Allen, the Rev. Mr. Horne, &c.

The ſubject of the meeting was to conſider of the moſt proper ſteps to be taken in the preſent critical ſituation of affairs. Several of the Gentlemen were for giving inſtructions to their Repreſentatives; to endeavour to obtain a redreſs of thoſe grievances, which not only that country, but the whole nation, at this time, loudly complain of, and particularly reſpecting the late unprecedented infringement (as they call it) of the right of election, whereby a Gentleman, with only 299 votes, had been ſuffered to take a ſeat in the Houſe of Commons againſt a majority of 1565 legal freeholders. Many and ſtrong objections were made to the propoſal of inſtructing their Repreſentatives; and it was at length agreed to preſent an humble and dutiful petition to the King, complaining of the many grievances his Majeſty's moſt loyal ſubjects at this time labour under, by the artful and arbitrary meaſures adopted by his preſent Miniſters, againſt the liberties of the ſubject, and peace and happineſs of his Majeſty's reign, at the ſame time imploring his Royal protection, and entreating his Majeſty to remove ſuch men from his preſence, as the only means of reſtoring tranquility to his diſtracted dominions, &c.

Mr. Horne began his ſpeech with an aſſurance to the company, that he was a freeholder of Surry (leſt he ſhould be conſidered in the light of an intruder) and that he had been ſo for nine years paſt; that his freehold conſiſted of a ſmall farm, and adjoined to the eſtate of Mr. Budgen. In the courſe of his ſpeech he expreſſed himſelf very ſeverely againſt one of their preſent members, who he repreſented as a man of no honour whatſoever; that his profeſſions or promiſes to exert himſelf in behalf of his conſtituents, if they ſhould determine to inſtruct their Repreſentatives, he ſaid, were not to be taken; that if he ſhould undertake to obſerve them he would not keep his word; that he knew this to be true, and that the Repreſentatives knew he could prove it; that he hoped for the ſatisfaction of ſeeing him at the then meeting, in which caſe he came determined to make the ſame declaration: That reſpecting what he had ſaid of that Gentleman, he meant to take no advantage of the privilege of his ſacred function, and hoped the Gentleman would not have recourſe to his own privilege. He therefore was much averſe to the propoſal for inſtructions, as one of their members had already declared his ſentiments againſt the intereſt of his conſtituents. It was then reſolved by the freeholders, that the late addreſs to the throne, as the addreſs of the body of freeholders of the county, had been ſmuggled, and was not only done without any public notice being given to the freeholders to meet for that purpoſe, but appeared alſo to be directly contrary to the ſenſe of the body of them. Sir Joſeph Mawbey took notice, that out of twenty who ſigned the addreſs in the neighbourhood of Clapham, to his certain knowledge, only four of them were freeholders of Surry.

After much being ſaid on this ſubject, he deſired one which he had prepared might be read. This was much objected to, but was at length permitted to be read: however it was not altogether approved, but a committee was immediately appointed to draw up another, which was to be ready in two hours for ſuch of the freeholders to ſign as could conveniently wait ſo long for that purpoſe.

After this buſineſs was agreed to, a motion was made, that the thanks of the freeholders ſhould be given to Sir Francis Vincent, Bart. their worthy Repreſentative (then preſent) for his ſteady and upright conduct on all occaſions, which was carried *nem. con.*

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated June 9.

"A quarrel happened yeſterday, at a coffee-houſe in the *Rue des Mathurins*, between Mr. T———, an Engliſh Gentleman, and a French officer, which terminated in a rencounter, ſoon after, on the *Pont Neuf*, in which the officer was dangerouſly wounded. The diſpute aroſe from the former having expreſſed great ſurprize, that the Corſican ſons of liberty (as he called them) ſhould ſuffer themſelves to be overcome by a parcel of ſlaves. The officer replied, he thought that ought to be no matter of wonder to an Engliſhman, who ſhould reflect, that his iſland was formerly conquered by a handful of Frenchmen, under William the Baſtard. This reply was retorted, by the other's reflecting on the behaviour of the French at Agincourt and Creſſy, with ſuch ſeverity, that the ſoldier ſtruck him, and thence the above affair enſued."

Extract of a letter from the French camp at Merozaglia, in Corſica, dated May 19.

"In a few days all will be over with the famous Paoli. We know, that ſince the 10th of this month, he has ſent two monks in *terra firma*, under pretence of their going to ſeek ſuccour from his friends; but it was really to get off his money; and one of thoſe monks, a man of great ſpirit, conducted the bank.

"It is ſaid that Paoli demanded an armiſtice two or three days ago, ſignifying, at the ſame time, that he ſhould be ready to agree to an accommodation, if it ſhould be propoſed; but he miſſed his aim, and, if he does not ſoon get out of the iſland, will probably fall into our hands.

"Yeſterday the Lieutenant of Paoli's guards, and ſome others, who ought to have been the moſt attached to him, came hither to crave their pardon. Clement Paoli, the General's brother, has had intimation, that he may have his pardon, like the reſt of the nation, if he will come and make his ſubmiſſion.

"An entire company, with its officers, is come to ſurrender this morning. We learn that Paoli, followed by his brother, and ſome chiefs, has taken the road to Porto-Vecchio, in order to embark there. His eſcort does not conſiſt of above 200 men, with about 30 loaded mules. Clement accompanies his brother only to protect him from the fury of the people: It is not doubted but he will afterwards come and make his ſubmiſſion. We found at the convent of Roſtino, a quantity of Paoli's papers; amongſt them many letters to and from his friends. Some of his own letters are full of reproaches; and in others, his moſt intimate friends tell him, that it was ſaid publickly by the Corſicans, that he himſelf had given orders not to defend Murato and Burgo."

When Corte (the capital of Corſica) was taken by the French, Paoli directly quitted the town on foot, having previouſly ſent away his baggage; and, with two or three choſen friends, proceeded, on foot, to the ſhore, and there embarked for the iſland of Sardinia.—This iſland is contiguous to Corſica, and now lies at the mercy of the French; who, from Corſica, may at any time, invade it in a few hours. Is it not ſurprizing that, as the affairs of the court of Turin are every day becoming more and more critical, we ſhould have no Miniſter reſident at that court?—It is true, that William Lynch, Eſq; (one of the members for Canterbury) was inveſted with the character of Miniſter to the court of Turin, in Auguſt 1768; and, no doubt, he receives the ſalary of that appointment, but he reſides—AT HOME.

It is believed, on good foundation, that the French have not gained their late acquired advantages in Corſica, by their military power, but by the uſual means of their ſucceſs, money and large promiſes, by which they influence and corrupt thoſe who can remove the impediments to their views. It is to his danger of being abandoned, or, perhaps, betrayed into the hands of the French, from this cauſe, that we muſt impute Paoli's quitting Corte, and ſeeking refuge in the mountains, with the remnant of his faithful band, on the approach of the French army to that city, even before they had begun the operations of a ſiege. A powerful enemy without, and a ſuſpected party among the defendants within, created too great a danger to be faced by a prudent General; who is not willing to expoſe the whole remaining hopes of his country's cauſe to one fatal blow.—France will, however, on this occaſion, ſupport her reputation for ſucceſsful intrigue; as ſhe will probably effect by bribery, in one month, what ſhe has failed to accompliſh by the ſtrongeſt efforts of her arms for ſeveral years.

We have authority to aſſure the public, that the friends of Liberty were never more unanimous, and every hour increaſing, and united in the ſtrongeſt bands of heroic courage and intrepidity; they are not in the leaſt terrified with the vain threats thrown out by the venal ſcribblers, hired by as venal and corrupt an a———n as ever a nation was curſed with. On the other hand, it is well known, that the others never meet, without quarrelling with one another about places and penſions. Paoli, and his glorious little band of heroes, baſely given up to our moſt avowed enemies, to the eternal diſgrace of the preſent Miniſtry! But let us not deſpair of our country; the brave people of England will no longer ſubmit to the yoke of ſlavery; they will follow the glorious example ſet them by the Freeholders of Middleſex, and the Livery of London, and repreſent their grievances to the throne in a conſtitutional way.

Poor Corſica! Every true lover of Liberty muſt greatly feel for the diſtreſſes of that brave people; but when a country, once framed for a deteſtation of ſlavery, is making haſty ſtrides to ſecure that inglorious title to its ſubjects, it is no wonder the rulers ſhould look on, unconcerned, at an acquiſition ſo agreeable to their own ſentiments.

It is reported, that the Engliſh Conſul at Leghorn, has received orders to offer to the unfortunate Corſicans, expelled their country by the French, a ſafe aſylum in the Britiſh dominions in America.

It is ſaid that petitions from all the manufacturing towns in the kingdom, on the deplorable decay of our trade and foreign commerce, are preparing to be laid before a great perſonage.

On ſacking the caſtle of Corte, great quantities of rich furniture were found belonging to Paoli, with a throne, richly ornamented.

It is reported, that Col. Luttrell will, in a few days, accept of a conſiderable poſt under the government, by which his ſeat in Parliament will be vacated; and that if Mr. Wilkes ſhould be re-choſen he will be allowed to take his ſeat.

Never was the miniſterial party ſo much alarmed as at preſent, their agents are grown quite deſperate, and openly now talk of nothing elſe but dragooning the good people of England into better manners. Alas! little do they know the natural character of Engliſhmen. A child of five years old, as we ſee at the Haymarket, may lead them; but the Devil in Hell, with fire in one hand, and faggot in the other, cannot drive them.

It is ſaid that 3000 ſailors have been diſcharged from the merchants ſervices in America, while the French are ready to pick them up, by giving them great encouragement.

It is well worth obſerving, that when the landholders of England petition the Crown in a *conſtitutional* manner, touching any *one* breach of their *charter rights*, the Kings of England are only allowed *forty days* to redreſs the injury complained of.

Yeſterday, about one o'clock, Mr. Sheriff Haliſax went to St. James's, to know his Majeſty's pleaſure, when he might be waited on with the petition of the Livery of the city of London.

A letter from Paris ſays, "In order to ſecure the fidelity of the inhabitants of Corſica, the King intends to take into his pay 4000 Corſicans, who will be diſperſed in the different French regiments: and it is thought that Paoli will find means to obtain his pardon, and that he will be appointed Lieutenant General.

BOSTON, *Auguſt* 14.

The Parliament, it is ſaid, will not ſit to do buſineſs until November; when the duties on paper, glaſs, and painters colours, would be taken off, but it was thought that the duty on tea would remain; and no other acts repealed,

Beſides the copies of Governor Bernard's letters, come over by Capt. Scott, we hear there are alſo come over, by the ſame opportunity, copies of letters from General Gage, Commodore Hood, Col. Dalrymple, Commodore Smith, Collector Harriſon, and Comptroller Hollowell. Likewiſe copies of ſeveral memorials tranſmitted home by the Hon. the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms——The whole, if printed, it is ſaid, will make 140 pages in folio.

NEW-YORK, *Auguſt* 21.

On Thurſday morning laſt, the BRITANNIA was launched in the preſence of five thouſand delighted ſpectators: She glided elegantly from the ſtocks, uninterrupted by any accident. Her burthen, about 333 tons; dimenſions, 81 feet 9 inches whole keel; 28 feet beam; 12 feet hold; 5 feet 4 inches between decks; and, to the permanent reputation of Meſſrs. Totten and Croſsfield, ſhe will be the moſt complete and beautiful ſhip ever conſtructed in our yards. Her owners, conſiſting of very opulent and reſpectable merchants, are cheriſhed with the faireſt proſpects. Her commander, intelligent, ſteady, active and amiable, muſt naturally influence a great reſort of paſſengers, who will find, under his good management, accommodations and appointments, neatneſs and attention adapted to the entertainment of the niceſt individual. She is built for the London trade. Her head is a buſt of Britannia, ſupported on the right by America, and by Hibernia on her left; expreſſive of our invariable affection for, and indiſſoluble union with, THE CHIEF OF NATIONS.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 17.

Extract of a letter from Fort Pitt, dated July 26.

"The Indians daily increaſe in their inſolence and threatenings to the inhabitants of the country hereabouts, and have already robbed them of every way of ſubſiſtance; they ſteal their horſes, plunder their houſes, and threaten themſelves; ſo that there is greater probability of an Indian war at preſent, than there has been at any time ſince I came to this poſt."

Extract of another, from the ſame place, July 28.

"We are now reduced to the precaution of keeping our draw-bridge always up, and placing a double centry at the Sally-Port, leſt we ſhould be

ſurprized: in ſhort, every neceſſary ſtep is taken, that has the appearance of being, in the ſmalleſt degree, conducive to the ſecurity of this garriſon, and the preſervation of his Majeſty's ſubjects."

WILLIAMSBURG, *September* 7.

Extract of a letter from London, dated May 22.

"*Every one here waits with impatience, to hear what your Aſſembly will do; all well-wiſhers to America, hope you will act like yourſelves; reſcind nothing; adhere to your former reſolutions and proceedings, and leave the reſt to time.*"

Extract of another, dated May 31.

"*Virginia is, I think, look'd on here, as the moſt important colony, and your determinations carry great weight with them; and the peaceable Pennſylvanians joining ſo heartily, makes every one think you are all determined. You will ever find many friends among the independent part of this nation, and all Ireland think your cauſe, and theirs, is the ſame.*"

On Tueſday laſt, Mr. JOHN BLAIR, jun. was elected Burgeſs for the College, and genteely entertained by the Maſters.—On Wedneſday, for *York*, Meſſieurs DUDLEY DIGGES, and THOMAS NELSON, jun.—And, this day, the Hon. PEYTON RANDOLPH, Eſq; our late worthy Speaker, (tho' abſent) was unanimouſly elected for this city; after which the gentlemen of the town met at the *Raleigh*, where an elegant entertainment was prepared at their joint expence, as a proof of their eſteem and approbation of his conduct.—*The following are alſo come to hand:*——For *Dinwiddie*, Meſſieurs BOLLING STARKE, and JOHN BANISTER.—*Prince George*, Meſſrs. RICHARD BLAND, and PETER POYTHRESS.—*Iſle of Wight*, Meſſrs. RICHARD BAKER, and JAMES BRIDGER.

Mr. RIND,

SIR,

THE ſentiments of America are ſo well known on the ſubject of LIBERTY, that, *deluſion* apart, they will ſurely be right. To prevent the operation of this miſchief, you will oblige many of your cuſtomers, by publiſhing the following lines; which appear well calculated to prevent the deception that may otherways take place, from the miniſterial promiſe of repealing the American revenue acts, at the next meeting of Parliament. But theſe lines, being not quite obvious to the underſtanding of every reader; if the learned Preſident of our college would be pleaſed to furniſh your next Gazette with a *ſpirited* tranſlation of them, he would much ſerve and oblige his country.

My reaſon for calling on the worthy Preſident, ariſes from this *hiſtoric* truth; that liberty and learning have been found together; that the ſlavery of the body neceſſarily enſlaves the mind, and produces in RELIGION, belief without *examination*; and in GOVERNMENT, *ſubmiſſion* without *law*.

R.

——— *6 miſeri, quæ tanta inſania Cives,*
Creditis avectos hoſtes? Aut ulla putatis
Dona carere dolis Danaum? Sic notus Ulyſſes?
Aut hoc incluſi ligno occultantur Achivi.

Aut aliquis latet error: equo ne credite Teucri.
Quicquid id eſt, timeo Danaos et dona ferentes.

VIRGINIA, *ſc.*

By his Excellency the Right Honourable NORBORNE *Baron de* BOTETOURT, *his Majeſty's Lieutenant and Governor General of the ſaid colony and dominion, and Vice Admiral of the ſame.*

A Proclamation

For proroguing of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

WHEREAS the General Aſſembly was ſummoned to meet on *Thurſday* the 28th of this month, and as I find no urgent occaſion for the ſaid Aſſembly's meeting at that time, I have therefore thought fit, by and with the advice of his Majeſty's Council, by this proclamation in his Majeſty's name, to prorogue the ſaid Aſſembly to the 7th day of *November* next: At which time their attendance is required at the Capitol, for diſpatch of public buſineſs.

Given under my hand, and the ſeal of the colony, at Williamſburg, *this 7th day of* September, 1769, *and in the ninth year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord* GEORGE *the* THIRD.

BOTETOURT.

To be SOLD, *at ſix months credit, on* Thurſday *the 21ſt inſtant, at* King William *court-houſe,*

THE Brig REBECCA, with her rigging, cables, and anchors, burthen about 160 tons, her frame is all of the beſt mulberry; the brig lies in *Pamunkey* river, oppoſite the dwelling houſe of the late Mr. *E. P. Chamberlayne*, in *New Kent*. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may view her, at any time between this and the day of ſale. The buyer is to give bond with approved ſecurity to

THE EXECUTORS.

The SLOOP FRIENDSHIP,
WALTER GWIN, *Maſter*,

A New PACKET,

WILL go from *Norfolk* to *Williamſburg* every *Thurſday* morning, and return on *Sundays*. Thoſe who incline to make uſe of this PACKET may depend on good accommodation, as ſhe was built entirely for the purpoſe, and has the largeſt and beſt cabin of any boat in the colony; the paſſage to be FIVE SHILLINGS. FREIGHT GOODS will be taken in at a ſtorehouſe on Major *Orange*'s wharf, at any time, free of all charge; and they will be ſhipped on ſailing days, with due care.

*** The veſſel now lying at Col. *Burwell*'s ferry, will ſail for *Norfolk* next *Saturday* morning.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt bidder, at the town of* Dumfries, *in* Prince William *county, on* Thurſday *the 16th day of* November *next,*

THE BRENTON Tract of LAND, containing about 7000 acres, in parcels, as will be then thought beſt for the purpoſes expreſſed in a deed of truſt from Meſſ. *George Brent* and *Robert Brent* to the firſt three ſubſcribers, and from Mr. *George Brent* to the other ſubſcribers. The ſale being now jointly advertiſed by all the truſtees, who will join in the deeds, thoſe inclinable to purchaſe may be aſſured of meeting with no diſappointment. Time of payment will be given for part of the money.

WILLIAM BRENT,
DANIEL CARROLL,
HENRY ROZIER. } TRUSTEES.

HECTOR ROSS,
JOHN GIBSON,
WILLIAM CARR. } TRUSTEES, for the creditors of Mr. *Robert Brent*.

FALMOUTH, *Auguſt* 26, 1769.

To be SOLD, *at* FREDERICKSBURG October *fair next, agreeable to the will of Mr.* DEKAR THOMPSON, *deceaſed,*

A PART of a LOT, containing a quarter of an acre of ground, in the town of *Falmouth*; whereon are a convenient ſtorehouſe, a large warehouſe, and a ſtable, all very conveniently ſituated for carrying on an extenſive buſineſs, which the late Mr. *Thompſon* has done for ſeveral years paſt there. Alſo a half acre LOT, in the ſaid town of *Falmouth*, with a good ſtorehouſe, and a large brick kitchen, the latter not quite finiſhed. Mr. *Thompſon* kept ſtore on this laſt lot ſeveral years before he removed to the other. Credit will be given to the purchaſers until *October* 10, 1770, and poſſeſſion of the lots will be delivered on the firſt day of *March* next, the purchaſers giving bond and approved ſecurity to

ARTHUR MORSON,
EDWARD MOORE. } Exrs.

THIS is to acquaint the brothers of the bridle that the purſe for near EIGHTY POUNDS, is to be run for at *Leeds* town, on *Thurſday* the 21ſt inſtant. Alſo a PONEY PURSE next day.

Agreeable to a decree of the General Court, will be SOLD, *at* LEEDS *town, to the higheſt bidder, on the 30th inſtant, if fair, if not, the next fair day,*

SIXTY acres of LAND, adjoining Mr. *Thomas Jett*, in the county of *King George*, near the town of *Leeds*, late the property of Meſſ. *Jonathan Sydenham* and *Thomas Hodgſon*, merchants, in *London*.

3 WILLIAM CHAPMAN, S. Sheriff.

HANOVER, *Sept.* 1, 1769.

I HAVE received a ſum of money, which by direction of the Court of Chancery in *Great Britain*, is to be divided between the perſons employed in this colony as commiſſioners and clerks, in taking depoſitions in a ſuit depending in that court, between *Mallory* and *Mallory*'s executors, in proportion to their ſervices. I therefore requeſt the favour of the Gentlemen that have any demands on that account, to make them known to me before the 25th of *October*, when I will diſtribute the money according to the order of that court.

2 PETER LYONS.

STRAYED from the ſubſcriber, ſome time in *April* 1768, a likely bay horſe, about 13 hands and a half high, with a ſtar in his forehead, ſome ſaddle ſpots, was roached and bobbed, and branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock with a heart. He was taken up in *Henrico* county by one *James Allen* ſome time in *January* laſt, but ſtrayed again from him, and may probably be gone farther up the country. Whoever brings him to me in *Williamſburg*, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

3 JOHN BLAIR.

NORFOLK, *Auguſt* 30, 1769.

STOLEN,

A WOMAN's brown or near purple coloured velvet cloak, lined with brown cotton, the head lined with black Perſian, and a ſilver table ſpoon marked AES. Alſo one ſilver tea ſpoon marked P D A, and a pair of ſilver tea tongs without mark. Any perſon who can give intelligence where the above goods, or any part may be had, ſhall receive TEN SHILLINGS reward, by

ELIZABETH MEREDITH.

To be SOLD, *at public auction, purſuant to the will of Mr.* William Neale, *deceaſed, on* Thurſday *the 5th day of* October *next, at* Hanover *court-houſe, (being court-day) and to be entered upon next Chriſtmas,*

ABOUT 1500 acres of good land, in the counties of *Orange* and *Spotſylvania*, part of which is fine low grounds, remarkable for TOBACCO; the ſaid land will be ſold altogether, or in lots of 500 acres. The time of payment will be agreed on at the ſale.

THOMAS ROSE, Executor.

*** I will treat with any perſon privately for the land, before the day of ſale.

To be SOLD, *on* Thurſday *the 28th inſtant, if fair, if not, the next fair day, at* Lancaſter *court-houſe, for ready money,*

A LARGE quantity of white LINENS, ſortable; alſo ſundry ſuits of mens cloaths, ſtockings, hats, *&c.* and a compleat ſet of SURGEON's INSTRUMENTS, and BOOKS of different kinds; the property of a Gentleman in *Britain*.

3 JAMES GORDON.

JUST FINISHED,

THE *Nomony* FULLING-MILL, at the head of *Nomony* river, in *Weſtmoreland* county; where all the different branches of FULLING, DRESSING, SHEARING, and DYING, will be executed in the beſt manner, and at the moſt reaſonable rates. As the ſubſcribers have been at a conſiderable expence in procuring the materials compleat, and a FULLER perfectly acquainted with the buſineſs, it is expected that thoſe who favour the mill with their cuſtom, will, when they ſend for their cloth, ſend money to pay for it; the profits of a fulling-mill being by no means ſufficient to ſupport the expence of keeping accounts, and collecting ſmall debts. The particular ſums may be known from the FULLER, when the cloth is ſent to the mill.

JOHN TURERVILLE,
3 FRANCIS LIGHTFOOT LEE.

WHEREAS I have received information, that a Mulatto man named *George*, belonging to *Robert Taliaferro*, Gentleman, did, on the 9th day of *June* laſt, break out of *Caroline* county gaol, being committed for feloniouſly breaking the houſe of *Robert Garrett*; the aforeſaid fellow is about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, remarkably ſtrong made, has a very down look, and a ſcar on one of his cheeks, occaſioned by a burn; he was ſeen in *Hanover* county, and enquired the way to *Carolina*. All perſons are deſired to apprehend the ſaid offender, in order that he may be brought to juſtice.

WILLIAM TYLER, Sh. C. C.

TREASURY-OFFICE, 30*th Auguſt*, 1769.

MR. *James Pride* having lodged with me many Bonds given for Duties on Liquors imported into *York* river, I am to give notice to all concern'd that, unleſs the Money is very ſhortly paid, I ſhall put the Bonds in Suit.

Executions on all Judgments obtain'd for Money due to the TREASURY will moſt certainly be iſſued, without further Notice, unleſs the Balances are ſpeedily diſcharged.

Gold, Silver or Bills of a later Emiſſion may be had for old and defaced TREASURY Notes.

RO. C. NICHOLAS, Treaſurer.

HAMPTON, *Auguſt* 25, 1769.

To be SOLD, *on the ſtocks,*

A SCHOONER, now fully compleated and ready for launching, burthen about ſeventy tons; her beams, carlings, and top timbers, of *Bermuda* cedar. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe ſuch a veſſel, may at any time ſee her, and know the terms, by applying to

2 CARTER TENANT.

A PERSON who has got a few NEGROES, unemployed at preſent, is deſirous of joining them with any other perſon's Negroes, in any work that is ſuitable to the preſent ſeaſon. Or he would be glad to rent a ſmall plantation, either with or without Negroes on it, at a convenient diſtance from *Williamſburg* or *Norfolk*, where there might be a probability of reaping, from a market, the fruits of induſtry.

The above perſon has a neat and light POST CHARIOT to diſpoſe of, with a box to put on or take off, as occaſion may require, and HARNESS for four horſes. It will be ſold cheap for prompt payment, or will be exchanged for good riding horſes. In either of the above caſes, apply to Mr. *Samuel Farmer*, merchant, in *Norfolk*, or to the Printer hereof. tf.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in *Auguſta* near the ſtone meeting-houſe, a convict ſervant man named EDMUND COOPER, an *Engliſhman* born, and is a ſtout well made fellow; he is about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, of a bold countenance, and was ſeen at *Urbanna*, the 13th of this month, and made his way either to *York* or *Norfolk*; had with him a forged paſs, or rather a receipt for his paſſage, by which he paſſeth, and is a weaver by trade: Had on when he went away a brown cloth waiſtcoat, patched with ſail duck, a pair of trowſers, a brown linen ſhirt, a pair of old ſhoes, wears his hair which is black, has black eyes, and pretends to know a great deal of the law. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant and brings him to me, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and all reaſonable charges paid, or FIVE POUNDS to any perſon who will ſecure him in gaol, and ſend me word ſo that I get him again, by me

Auguſt 4, 1769. JAMES LAIRD.

FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, a convict ſervant man named FRANCIS REDMAN, a luſty fellow, about 6 feet high, *Iriſh* born, has had his left cheek bone broke, ſo that it makes a large ſcar and dent in his face. I do expect he is in company with one JOHN LANKINS, a luſty ſwarthy fellow, and one of his eyes I think is leſs than the other; they ſtole two horſes, one a bay gelding, 14 hands high, all his feet white, about 8 years old, branded on the near buttock with a heart, and his mane and foretop cut off; the other a flea bitten horſe about 13 years old, 13 hands and an half high, branded on the near buttock with a croſs, a well ſet horſe, and in very good order. They ſtole ſundry cloaths, *viz* a blue broad cloth coat, and a white one, the white coat has flowered braſs metal buttons, a ſcarlet broad cloth jacket, and one cotton country ditto, a pair of buckſkin breeches, and ſundry other goods, among which is a remarkable pair of buckles, all ſilver, and ſilver claſps. I expect they will wear ſome of the above deſcribed cloaths. Whoever ſecures the ſaid thief and ſervant, ſo that they and the goods may be had, ſhall have Fifteen Pounds reward, paid by the ſubſcribers, living in *Loudoun* county.

July 19, 1769. SAMUEL THORNBERY,
JOHN SHIPPEY,
1 WILLIAM BEAVARS.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, on the 22d of *Auguſt* laſt, at *Albemarle* court-houſe, a bay GELDING, about 4 feet 10 or 11 inches high, 8 years old, a natural pacer, has a bob tail, ſhort mane, mark'd with ſaddle ſpots, is cat-hamm'd, and has a ſmall white ſpot on his hind foot; branded on the near buttock, 8. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſhall receive 5 l. reward, on my recovery of the horſe, and conviction of the thief, or 40s. for the horſe alone, paid by

THOMAS WEST.

TAKEN up in the bay, off *Windmill Point*, the 20th of *April* laſt, an ANCHOR, with about 40 fathom of 9 inch cable to it. The anchor may weigh 1000 lb. or thereabouts, no mark thereon. The owner on proving his property, and paying ſalvage, may receive it of WILLIAM JACKSON.

TAKEN up near *Thornton's Gap*, in *Culpeper* county, a grey flea bitten horſe, about 13 hands and an half high, had on a middle ſized bell, buckled on with ſtirrup leather, his mane part is trimmed to a ridge, and his tail has been bobbed; he is about 10 years old, paces and trots both, branded on the near ſhoulder AT in a piece, and his ſhoulders ſomewhat ſcarred by drawing. Poſted, and appraiſed to 5 l. JOHN MENEFEE.

CAME to the plantation of *Robert Carter Nicholas*, Eſq; at *Weſtham*, ſome time in *October* laſt, a dark brown ſteer, marked, I believe, with a crop and a hole in one ear, and a ſlit in the other. Poſted and appraiſed to 3 l.

WILLIAM WALKER.

CAME to my plantation in *Goochland*, a ſmall white horſe, about 4 feet 3 or 4 inches high, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, and branded on the near ſhoulder IE. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3 l. WILLIAM PLEDGE.

AT the times and places hereafter mentioned, will be ſold at public auction, ſundry SLAVES and PERSONAL ESTATE of the late Honourable PETER RANDOLPH, Eſq; deceaſed, as followeth, *viz.*

At the ſaid *Randolph*'s plantations, in the fork of *Baniſter*, in HALIFAX county, where JOHN DICKEY is overſeer, about 50 fine SLAVES, with all the ſtocks of cattle, horſes, corn, and utenſils of huſbandry thereon, on *Monday* the 4th of *December* next.

At the ſaid *Randolph*'s plantation on *Staunton* river, CHARLOTTE county, where JAMES JOHNSON is overſeer, about 30 fine SLAVES, together with the ſtocks of all kinds, corn, and utenſils of huſbandry, on *Wedneſday* the 6th of *December* next.

At the ſaid *Randolph*'s plantation on *Little Roanoke*, near *Jamieſon*'s ſtore, in CHARLOTTE county, about 50 fine SLAVES, together with the ſtocks of all kinds, corn, and utenſils of huſbandry, on *Friday* the 8th of *December* next.

At the ſaid *Randolph*'s plantation at *Skin Quarter*, near *Goode*'s bridge, in CHESTERFIELD county, about 60 fine SLAVES, with the ſtocks of all kinds, corn, and utenſils of huſbandry, on *Monday* the 18th of *December* next.

At the plantation of the ſaid *Randolph*, the fork of *Appamattox*, near *Naſh*'s bridge, in CUMBERLAND county, about 60 fine SLAVES, together with the ſtocks of all kinds, corn, and utenſils of huſbandry, on *Thurſday* the 21ſt of *December* next.

At the times and different places of ſale, as aboveſaid, the LANDS and PLANTATIONS will be rented. Twelve months credit will be allowed for all ſums above SEVEN POUNDS, giving bond and ſecurity to the executors, and five per cent. diſcount allowed for ready money.

A. CARY,
R. RANDOLPH,
J. WAYLES,
SETH WARD.

To be SOLD, *at public auction, before Mr.* HAY's *door, on* Tueſday *the* 12*th of* September *next*,

THE HOUSES and LOTS adverti ſed by *James Taylor*, ſituate at the lower end of the city of *Williamſburg*; the property of which is veſted in the ſubſcriber, by virtue of a decree of *James City* county court. Credit till *April*, giving bond and ſecurity to

2 MATTHIAS MARRIOTT.

To be SOLD, *at* Mecklenburg *court, the* 13*th of* November *next, for ready money*,

ABOUT Ten or Fifteen young NEGROES; a good title will be made. The ſubſcriber deſires all thoſe indebted to him, to prepare the money by *October* next, or they will be ſued without diſtinction. LEWIS BURWELL, jun.

To be RENTED, *and entered upon immediately*,

A WELL frequented TAVERN, in the town of *Dumfries*, ſituate near the court-houſe, the LOTS are well improved. For terms and particulars, apply to the ſubſcriber, near the ſaid town. 3 FOUSHEE TEBBS.

SHOCKOE, *Auguſt* 26, 1769.

We have juſt arrived in the LORD CLIVE,

A NEAT aſſortment of *fall goods*, conſiſting of BROAD CLOTHS, DUFFILS, BEARSKINS, BATH COATING, with ſuitable TRIMMINGS; alſo DUTCH and BED BLANKETS, KERSEYS, COTTONS, and HALF-THICKS, which we will ſell on reaſonable terms, for ready money or ſhort credit.

tf. STORRS & ELLIS.

TAKEN up, in *Brunſwick* county, near Col. *Allen*'s mill, on the Three Creeks, a ſorrel HORSE, about 4 or 5 years old, has a hanging mane, ſwitch tail, a blaze in his face, part of both his hind feet white, and branded on the near buttock with a croſs. Poſted, and appraiſed to 7 l.

RICHARD MASON.

TAKEN up in *King George* county, a dark bay mare, almoſt black, with a hanging mane and ſprig tail, but no brand. Poſted, and appraiſed to 6 l. ANNE THOMPKINS.

TAKEN up in *Prince Edward* county, a ſmall bay horſe, about 4 feet 4 inches high, has a ſmall bell on, and a ſwitch tail and hanging mane; paces a little, ſome ſaddle ſpots, and branded on the near buttock I. Poſted, and appraiſed to 3 l.

JOHN PEAK.

SINCE my laſt advertiſement twenty more ſlaves have fallen into my hands, ſo that SIXTY SLAVES will be ſold at *Albemarle* court-houſe, the ſecond *Thurſday* in *September* next; thirty-four for ready caſh, or ſubſtantial merchants notes, payable at the next General Court, and twenty-ſix on credit, by 2 JOHN HAWKINS.

To be SOLD, *on* Wedneſday *the* 13*th of* September, *before Mr.* MITCHELL's *door, in* York *town, for ready money*,

Upwards of Thirty valuable

SLAVES,

Conſiſting of men, women, and children, with ſome HORSES and MULES, to ſatisfy ſeveral executions.

WILLIAM MITCHELL, S. Sheriff.

To be SOLD, *on* Monday *the* 11*th day of* September *next, agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of Capt.* William Johnſton, *deceaſed*,

THE LOT and HOUSES in *Port-Royal*, formerly the property of *Harry Beverley*, Eſq; now rented to Mr. *James Bowie*, for a term, which ends in *May* next; one half of the purchaſe money to be paid on the day of ſale; the other moiety in *May* next, when poſſeſſion will be delivered.

On *Thurſday* the 21ſt of *September* will be SOLD, on the premiſes, a TRACT of LAND in *Orange* county, at *Swift Run* gap, containing 130 odd acres, and an entry for 1000 acres adjoining the ſame, for *ready* CASH.

And on *Tueſday* the 12th of *September* will be SOLD, at the late dwelling-houſe of the deceaſed, ſundry HOUSHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, the ſtock of HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, and HOGS, and to continue till all are ſold. Any ſums under 3 l. to be paid on the day of ſale; thoſe above, one half in hand, the other in *June* next, on giving bond and ſecurity to

3 THE EXECUTORS.

*** It is propoſed to rent the dwelling-houſe on the day of ſale, when terms will be known.

THOSE who have any demands againſt the eſtate of Capt. *William Johnſton*, deceaſed, are deſired to make application to the executors, in order that proviſion for payment may be made. Thoſe indebted to this eſtate are deſired to make payment, to prevent trouble and coſts to themſelves, and 3 THE EXECUTORS.

MARYLAND, *Auguſt* 17, 1769.

THE ſubſcriber, who has been regularly bred to the practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY, gives this public notice, that he begins to inoculate on the 15th of *September* next, at his houſe, which ſtands about the diſtance of one half mile from *Baltimore* town, on a healthy ſituation, with an agreeable proſpect. The price as before; two piſtoles for inoculation, and twenty ſhillings per week for board. As the ſickneſs is ſo trifling, and the confinement none, the expence need not exceed five pounds fourteen; to ſix pounds fourteen ſhillings, current money, and may be inoculated with ſafety in any month, except *July* and *Auguſt*.

I ſhall be obliged to thoſe who will favour me with their cuſtom; they may depend on being carefully, tenderly, and judiciouſly dealt with. I flatter myſelf I have inoculated as many, and with as much ſucceſs, as any man on the continent. Thoſe who intend coming, are deſired not to alter their diet, or uſe any kind of preparation beforehand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwiſe. HENRY STEVENSON.

NORTHAMPTON, *July* 10, 1769.

WAS left at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, at *King*'s creek in *Northampton*, in the year 1765 or 1766, by *Thomas Skain*, a box containing *Chambers*'s Dictionary, with its Supplement; the box is directed to the care of Col. *Tucker* for Col. *Beverley*; and as ſaid *Skain* has never appeared or ſent for ſaid box, it is ſuſpected that there may be either fraud or forgetfulneſs in the affair. Any one proving property of the ſame, and paying coſt of this advertiſement, it ſhall be delivered them by 3 ISAAC MOORE.

GEORGE the THIRD, by the Grace of GOD, of *Great-Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the Sheriff of *Fairfax*, greeting. We command you that you ſummon *John Poſey* to appear before our Juſtices of our ſaid county, in Chancery, at the court houſe in *Alexandria*, on the third *Monday* in next month, to anſwer a bill in Chancery, exhibited againſt him by *David Dalyell*, *George Oſwald*, and company, of *Glaſgow*, merchants. *Neil Jamieſon*, and company, merchants, *Hector Roſs*, merchant, and *Vincent Lewis*, planter, and this he ſhall in no wiſe omit, under the penalty of 100 l. Witneſs *Peter Wagener*, clerk of our ſaid court, the 28th day of *June*, in the ninth year of our reign.

9 PETER WAGENER,

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